CALL FOR A MEETING OF THE DEM-OCRATIC MEMBERS.

No Misgivings About the Passage of the Measure by the House_To Be Ther. oughly Considered Before Submitted,

Times Bureau, Rapley Building, Washington, December 9, 1893.

Dull, leaden skies, and a steady downpour, which in this frigid atmosphere ornaments the trees and shubbery with myriads of tiny crystals and makes the asphalt sidewalks of this beautiful city delightfully uncertain for the average pedestrian, is nature's greeting to aho are not exactly up with the but at the time the sun ought

Neither the House nor the Senate are Neither the house in pession, but a trip to the Capitol reveals the fact that a small number of the majority of the Committee of Ways and Means are energetically dis-cussing something behind the closed doors of the committee room. A passing glance at the familiar face of Congressman McMillin, as the door is quickly opened to admit a committee member, is all that is vouchsafed the small lenot of ewspaper men that had described a fircle around the committee room. The subject under discussion was nation of the members to observe the is test secrecy over their deliberations as apparent that the quest for in-

The proposition for a caucus of the riginated by General Wheeler, of Alaama, has found favor in the eyes of a eat many, and the signatures of several volunteered for the call. The ob of the caucus is not that the man rs have any misgivings about the imphal passage of the bill by the use, but as Congressman McMillin marked yesterday, "No neat housewife at yard, and I think it is too early unicarn the useful lesson taught the Democrats in the extra session of Con-ress, I believe that had a full and free discussion been accorded the financial by the Democrats of both Congress, the bitter disagreeent and consequent heated debates or and subject in the Senate would have in great measure been avoided," or as longressman Henderson, of North Caroa. says, "A man fears nothing so much the condemnation of his party asso-

it is not improbable that when the ised and corrected bill, which is now the hands of the printer, is returned the committee, its provisions will be submitted to the House.

he Finance Committee of the Senate will probably consider the bill informally before it reaches the Senate through the gular channel. A prominent member of the majority of the committee is respon-ble for the statement that the hearing be accorded interested parties will b held, but if the bill in its passage through the House should be changed in any of ortant features, these hearings wil

nate is by no means assured. Several ators, prominent members of the majorparty, openly express their oppositi measure, and declare their inter n of opposing it. They say that they ng raw materials on the free list. ecting manufacturers, virtually make manufacturers the trustees of the con ers and allows them to make distri success as a percentage. What they want a tax on the raw material and a re ction of the tariff on manufactured ar-

orsman Marshall was the only mber of the Virginia delegation who ad yesterday against striking out the letting clause of the Oates bankruptcy While he was opposed to that bill, he ors a voluntary bankrupt law, and de ired the opportunity to vote for the Culate in its provisions, and is a voluntary ankrupt bill.

inclemency of the day did not diminish the number of the President's callers, and the reception room at the White House was well filled this morning helr turn for a few words with the Chief

Judge Bond's Su cessor.

Congressman Claude A. Swanson called by appointment, and presented the name of Judge Berryman Green, of Danville, whom he considered eminently quali to fill the vacancy on the United States Circuit bench, created by the death of Judge Bond. The President evidently concluded that it was useless to keep the been presented for the position, longer in suspense, and frankly told Congressman Swanson that he had determined to pronote United States District Judge Sim on, of South Carolina, to the position That he was influenced in doing this main ly on account of the testimonials given Judge Simonion by other judges of the United States Courts, who had served with him, and which were of the highest character, and that he believed in rerding merit, especially in appointments

Hon. D. Gardiner Tyler called with Mr. A. C. Freeman, of Norfolk, who has stron backing inside and out of his State for the United States Consulship at Matanzas uba. There are so few consular positio eft that it is natural that the Preside ould wish for some time to consider bee promised to take the matter under

Thomas H. Barton, of Fredericksme ago by Congressman Jones for the ensulship at Porto Cabello, Venezuela, comac, had a pleasant interview with ir. Barton, who is thoroughly qualified or the position, has the backing of Irginia delegation in Congress, besides ments from numerous prominent

Mr. Francis S. Caussy, of Hampton, Va., called at the State Department to-day. In case a vacancy should occur, he is an applicant for the United States Amoy, China, at present held by Colonel J. Hampton Hoge, of

North Carolina Items,

K. Elins, North Carolina, on the regis-ter of the Metropolitan Hotel, announced the fact that the individual who has been more talked of in North Carolina in the ast six months than the Queen of the Sandwich Islands, was in town. He has by no means abandoned the race for the ollectorship of the Fifth North Carol enue district

Congressmen Woodward and Henderson and Collector Simmons called to-day on the Attorney-General in the interest of Captain O. J. Carroll.

E. H. Wilson, who is strongly inconference with his friends to-day.

The arrival of Captain D. P. Mast, of Winston, brings a third candidate on the ground for the postmastership of that city, while letters which have arrived

TO CAUCUS ON THE BILL. for Editor Burbank indicate the early appearance of a fourth.

Captain Oldham, one of the candidates

for the Wilmington post-office, left for home this afternoon.

NEWS OF THE NAFY. Captain Cochrane Unconditionally Restored to Duty.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 9-Secretary Herbert this afternoon approved the proceedings and the findings of the court of inquiry which investigated dif-ficulties between Major Henry A. Bart-lett and Captain Henry Clay Cochrane, officers of the Marine corps. As a re-suit, Major Bartlett will be detached from the command of the Marine barracks at Mare Island, Cal., and Captain Cochrane will be unconditionally restor-ed to duty. Captain Cochrane was conditionally restored to duty in October. The court raised the trial of Major

Bartlett by court-martial.

The difficulties between the two officers grew out of a dispute by two en-listed men on one side and the post trader's clerk on the other. Captain Cochrane investigated the dispute, and Major Bartlett refused to approve his findings, claiming the inquiry was con-

ducted against his orders.

Admiral Brown and Commodores Walker and Meade have been instructed to meet in Washington next Tuesday, and examine Thomas O. Selfridge's fitness for promotion to the rank of commo

An examining board has been appointed to meet December 12th in Washington, to examine for promotion, Captain Thomas O. Seifridge. The torpedo hoat Cushing went from New London to New York

The contractors for the cruiser Marblehead are discontented at the cut down of the average speed shown by trial board from 18.94 knots to 18.44 knots and have asked the navy department to be allowed to make a new trial. request is under consideration.

IN LEE'S HOME COUNTY. V

Surprise and Disappointment at His Defeat -The Wilson Bill.

LEXINGTON VA., Dec 9.-Special .-To say that the many friends of ex-Governor Lee, in this section are surprised at the turn of affairs in Richmond, is to draw it as mildly as possible. That he falled to secure one of the nominations before the caucus of the Democratic party of the Legislature, was a surprise to every one here, and I might say in all this sec-tion. It was thought that he would have been selected for one of the nominations at least. When the first news reached here that the caucus had nominated Hunton and Martin, the telegram was at first looked upon as a joke, but later onfirmatory evidence opened the eyes of the people to a realization of the fact that "our Fitz" was no longer in it. The question is now being asked "how did it come about?" "by what com-bination did they beat Fitz?"

One prominent member of the party said to-day that President Cleveland will appoint the ex-governor to the position made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Van Alen, of New York, as ambassador to the court of Italy at Rome, and if not to that position, to some similar

The Wilson tariff bill comes in for some adverse criticism in this iron-ore producing section. The fact that iron ore has been placed on the free list meets with much criticism from those

directly interested. LEGISLATIVE INVESTIGATION.

Meeting at Staupton Calls For One To Ee

Made Into the Senatorial Nomination, STAUNTON, VA., Dec. 9.—Special.— Thirty tax-payers of the county of Auusider matters expected to come before the Legislature this winter. Party lines were wiped out as with a wet sponge, or some of the most prominent Populists icket, in November, was one of the num-ber. But yet all voted on Democratic uien and measures. The stock-law was to and approved to keep hogs, sheep and goats from the public roads.

A resolution was introduced endorsing Major Marshall Hanger for county judge, but he received only two votes, and, of course, failed. A resolution was adopted by a vote of two to one asking the Legislature to investigate the faethods by nated for United States senator. The resolution was offered by Mr. C. 7 Jordan, late of the Miller Manual school of which institution Mr. Martin was or is a director. The meeting is not regarded here as representative of the Demo-

PATRIOTIC COURSE OF THE TIMES.

It Is Commended in Orange County-Ger Vaccinated.

ORANGE, VA., Dec. 9.—Special.—The patriotic course of The Times on elections is universally commended. It is indeed a great blessing to have in this venal age me great daily which, like Clay, "had ather be right than to be President." The small pox scare is mooting the vac-

The schools are well attended in Orange nd we are satisfied with the "Parson" a State Superintendent, and Williams as our Superintendent. Let well enough alone and do something else. Long live The Times to uphold the interests of the people. Now for D. A. Grimsly for a seat on the Supreme Bench.

APPROVE THE NOMINATION

The Selection of Mr. Martin For Senator Jeyfully Received in Buckingham.

BUCKINGHAM C. H., Dec. 9 .- Special.-The announcement of the nomination by the caucus of Hon. Thomas S. Martin, for the senatorship, was joy-fully received here, by his numerous friends, Mr. Martin has practiced law inthe courts of this county for a number of years, and is well known to the common consent he is regarded as a man of highest integrity, and fine abil-ity, which eminently fit him for the high position in which he has been placed by his countrymen.

CONVEN ION OF COURT CLERKS M Will Probably Take Place in January-

Treasurer Arthur's Case. BEDFORD, CITY, VA., Dec. 9 .- The convention of court clerks to have been held in Roanoke on the 13th instant, has been postponed, the duties of many clerks not allowing them to attend. It will porbably meet in January. Treasurer Arthur has given Treasurer Arthur has given \$9,000 bond for his appearance on the first day of the m of the county court, which will convene December 25th.

Three Lynchings in Three Days. Three Lynchings in Three Days.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—A special from Selma, Ala., says: News reached Selma last evening that the third lynching had taken place in Dallas county, within the last three days, the outcome of the assault on Rueben F. Smith at Berlin last Monday night. Joe Givhan, implicated in robbery, was captured Friday morning and swung to a convenient tree. No one seems to know who captured him or lynched him, but his stiff body hanging to a limb shows that he fell into the hands of lynchers. This is the last of the sang. Young Smith is not expected to live.

SITUATION IN HAWAII.

NO KNOWLEDGE AS TO MINISTER WILLIS' ACTION.

Up to November 24th Provisional Govern ment Had Not Been Disturbed No Need for Fear of Any Trouble.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Dec. 9 .- The United Press correspondent at Honolulu, writing under date of November 22, per brig W. G. Irwin, which arrived late this afternoon, says:

No positive knowledge has yet trans pired as to Minister Willis' instructions or intended action. It is the general opinion now that he came expecting to restore the ex-Queen to the throne either directly or by intervention of popular vote. It is also believed that serious obstacles existing to such a course have caused the delay and a reference to Washington. The mystery is still maintained, and the apprehension created has produced great disturbance and irritation in the public mind. The tension of anxiety and anger is greater than at any time since the Queen was dethroned. This is wearing painful, and depressing to all public interests. Among the obstacles to restora ion is the refusal of the Queen herse unless she receives the strongest guarantee that the United States forces will main-tain her upon the throne, knowing that

she would otherwise be immediately over-thrown again, and severely dealt with. Again some fifteen hundred rifles, with ammunition, are in private hands, chiefly Americans, ready to remove her at the earliest possible opportunity. Furthermore, the provisional government is absolutely determined to make no concessional government. sions, and will firmly maintain their position, yielding it only to actual war ma upon them by superior forces of the United States. Added to these obstacles, it is well known that Admirai Irwin and the officers under him are rejuctant to make war, probably involving bloodshed If the American minister persists in the intentions generally ascribed to him, has a difficult and perilous task. own life, as well as that of the ex-Queen, would be in the greatest danger, as soon as his intentions became known. In an interview, on the sixteenth, Minister Wii-lis said: "The whole Hawalian question is now in abeyance, and nothing that the newspaper can say or do will alter the situation one lota. I make this statement on my own responsibility, and in the hope that it will allay present excitement. There is not the slightest neces sity for any one to stay out of bed nights for fear of any trouble of any kind, for none will be permitted."

Two days later the minister said to a

visitor, to whom he refused a short con-ference, "When I am ready to carry into effect my instructions, I shall communicate them to only two persons, one of whom will be the head of the provisional government, and the other the

head of the former government."

This was understood by the visitor to nean that Minister Willis counted the two persons of equal political importance The visitor was not in special pursuit of information, but from the foregoing it will be seen he obtained some, neverthe

The Queen's advisers are extremely hopeful and expectant, but in a state of great apprehension on account of the very excited and irritable condition of the American party. The Queen has, within a few hours, for the first time solicited protection from the provisional government, and a police force has been ment has informally intimated to the American minister that they are amply able to repress any disorder and wish no

troops to be landed attacking ex-Marshal Wilson in the following language: Charles B. Wilson, thief and paramour, was political lieutenant of the Queen, In spite of his meagre intellect and the vice that festered in him, he had more to say about the conduct of public affairs, than had the Cabinet itself. He was the dull brute behind the throne. To-day he is next to his ex-Royai mistress, the fore-most champion of the old order, and to-morrow, if some miracle or crime should morrow, if some miracle or crime should place Lilluokalani in power again, he would attempt to dictate as of old to the Christian and civilized community of these afflicted islands. It is a fair question to put before the world, whether the monarchy, which had such bars as Wilson upon its coat-of-arms—not to speak of others that have been pictured in these columns—was not righteously these columns-was not righteously olished, and could be decently reviv-

The Annexation Club has subscribed the necessary funds for the defence of the editor of the Star, and should any of the five suits come to trial, a large amount of unsavory testimony has been ecured to prove the facts alleged, and the inner life of the court will be extensively

exposed to the public gaze.

The British man-of-war Champion arrived this morning from Esquimau, B. C. It is not believed her coming here has special significance, Great Britain having been unrepresented here for some

(Copyrighted, 1833, by Associated Press.) AUCKLAND, NEW ZEALAND, Dec. 9. The steamer Monowal has arrived here. When she left Honclulu, on November 15th, all was quiet there. The news that President Cleveland intended to restore the Queen caused great excitement, and was discussed by excited knots of people the streets, and generally condemned rumor was published in the Honolul apers that the Queen was not willing t

accept restoration, unless she was assured of the armed support of the United States. The Hawalian Gazette, of November 24th, says: "In the mean time monarchy s not restored, and will not be, unles by the armed forces of the United States, whose forces must then continue to suport the ex-Queen. There may be amal form, but we are to-day more united and determined on the main leaue than all other and minor things. Assuredly as there is eternal justice overruling the affairs & men, so surely will the outrage proposed to be done in Hawaii fail of its purpose."

Amb ssador Bayard's Views

LONDON, Dec. 9.—Neither foreign office nor Hawalian Charge d'Affairs have any advices concerning Hawaii from Auck land to-day. United States Ambassado Bayard, when shown the special dispatch to the Associated Press from Auckland, read it with great interest. He said: "President Cleveland will deal with Hawaila in a most magnamimous manner and will not force anything upon the government which they have not had a full chance to discuss.

Regarding the dispatches published in the Times and Standard to-day, indicating that President Cleveland is about to reverse his Hawaiian policy, and that new instructions to this effect have been sent to Hawaiia advising that the whole question would be sent to Congress, Mr. Bayard said: "There can be no reversal Bayard said: "There can be no reversal of policy based simply upon justice, and President Cleveland's policy is one of non-interference. He had no intention of entering the Islands and deposing the government. The policy of the United States towards Hswalia is not a selfish one; on the contrary, President Cleveland's intention is that no advantage shall be taken

of the weakness of the Queen's party, and the Queen shall have a full and fair chance to get on her feet, if possible. The Hawaiian native suionomy has been so enfeebled by late avents that I hardly know whether the Hawaiians can avail themselves of the offer of the President to restore the Queen to the throne."

PULASKI COURT HOUSE.

Question of Changing Its Site Agitating the County People.

PULASKI, VA., Dec. 9.—Special.—Under present conditions our farmers are on top present conditions our farmers are on top again. They are by long odds the best protected against the pangs of panic. Home and fire-wood, "hogs and hominy," farmers! And I believe, as a general thing, they realize that these things are

When the people of Richmond know the worth of Mr. J. B. Caddall, the member of the lower house of the Legislature from this county and Glies, they will ap-preciate how worthily we are being rep-

The question of removal of the court-The question of reinval of the court-house from Newbern to this place is of absorbing interest to our people just now. The fight is already warm, and will wax warmer. The citizens of Newbern are devoted to the quiet old village, and will make a desperate struggle to keep the life-blood in it. Pulaskians are people of push, and will make earnest endeavors bush, and will be to win the prize. But for the sentiment which attaches to the old site, there would not be much, if any, doubt as to the popular verdict.

Owing to the burning of the courthouse and the small-pox scare combined, the term of the Circuit Court, which be-gins on next Morday, will be an uneventful one. Judge Williams will be present on the first day of the session merely to attend to formal matters, and will hear no litigated cases.

THE OLD MANN GOLD MINES.

More Extensive Preparations for Operating Them in Future.

WELDON, N. C., Dec. 9.-Special.-Fire at Macon, in Warren county, destroyed the fine, new cotton gin of Egerton Brothers. Mr. S. Harris lost six bales of cotton and a lot of seed. Egertons' loss was about \$600. No insurance. The old Mann gold mines at Ransom's bridge are being opened up again. They have been working about fifty hands, and twenty more have been added to the A very rich vein of ore has been

Mr. Bartley Johnson was accidentally killed by a negro in Johnston county. Johnson and the negro were out rabbit hunting. The gun of the negro was acci dentally discharged, and the whole load entered Johnson's right eye, killing him almost instantly. Johnson's father was murdered near that section of the county

several years ago.

A thief entered the bar-room of J. T Barbour at Smithfield a few nights ago and took \$100 in cash from the drawer of Mr. Barbour's desk. Rev. Herbert T. Williams, who has been

pastor of the Baptist church at Seaboard r some years, has accepted a call to the Baptist church at Roxboro, commissioners of Northampton

county will appoint a county superintend-ent of all county bridges, whose duty it will be to see that the bridges are kept in proper order.

CAROLINA METRODISTS. Education of Colored Teachers and Preachers Discussed.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 9.-In the North Carolina conference of the Metholist Episcopal Church, South, to-day, a semorial to the General Conference, asking that a law be enacted to permit tion committee. Rev. F. D. Swindell of fered a memorial to the General Conferance, relating to the transferring of the

conference to the district conference and for a more extended cource of study. D. L. Reid submitted a report on the Payne Institute, of Augusta, Georgia, for the clucation of colored teachers and preachers. The report recommends an as-sessment of \$600 for the Institute, apportioned as followers:Raleigh district,\$66 \$63; Rockingham district, \$69; Wilming-ton district, \$71; Newberne district, \$78; Washington (N. C.) district, \$72; Warrenon district, \$68; Wilson district, \$64. The

report was adopted.
One of the most interesting subjects before the conference was the debt of the Fifth-Street church of this city. When Rev. Dr. Nash, the pastor, took charge two years ago, the debt was over \$22,000. Of this \$15,000 has been funded in ten year bonds and the balance has been oald except one of \$1,000, which is expected to be arranged this week. This reult is largely due to the personal efforts

DEATH OF REV. J. J. MOORE.

Of the African Methodist Church-Oldest Bishop in America.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Dec. 9 .- Special .-Rev. J. J. Moore, Senior Bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion church, died at Greensboro this afternoon at He was the oldest Bishop of nomination in America, being any denomination in America, being ninety years old. He had been an itinrant minister for over sixty years, and had held the office of bishop nearly twen-ty-six years. His labors extended from New England to California, includ-

ing nearly every state in the Union.

In 1879 deceased spent several months in Great Britain, where he preached in many leading churches and received the degree of S. T. D., from one of the Eng-At the time of his death Bishop Moore was the presiding Bishop of the third Episcopal district, embracing the western and central North Carolina conferences. He will be interced at Salisbury by the side of his wife, under the auspices of Bishop Thomas, who is holding his conference, which is now in session in this city. The interment will session in this city. The interment will take place Tuesday, to which point the conference will adjourn in a body

SOME FREDERICKSBURG NOTES. An Urgent Appeal For Charity-The Free L-nee.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., Dec. 9 .-Last nicht at the Opera House a very enjoyable and successful entertain-ment was presented to a crowded house, the principle parts being taken by Miss Sadie G. Thomas and Mr. W. R. Hall, of Baltimore, assisted by a number of our amateurs. A large sum was realized, which will be given to the poor of the

Mr. W. E. Bradley, business manager of the Free Lance, sold his interest to-day in that newspaper to Mrs. Evelyn H.

LOYALTY CAUSED HIS DEATH. J. Hawks McDowell's Death Due to Expo-

sure in Attending a Pythian. ASHEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 9.—Special.— Ex-Alderman J. Hamp. McDowell died last night at his residence on south Main street after an attack of pneumonia that lasted only three or four days, and that was contracted as a result of loyal and faithful vigil at the bedside of a brother Pythian, E. B. Davis, who preceded him to the grave by only a few days.

Hon. Kope Elias has been sick at his home in Frankiin for some time past, but writes now that he will shortly be in Asheville again. LONDON, Dec. 8.—The Anarchists of London will attempt to hold a meeting in Trafalgar Square to-morrow. A repe-

tition of last Sunday's scenes is expect-ed. The police will not allow the meet-THE TERRIFIC REPORT

OF A BOMB EXPLODED IN THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES

Causes the Wildest Excitement, But Hap pily There Were No Fatal Results. Ladies and Deputies Wounded.

PARIS, Dec. 9 .- A bomb was thrown in the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon, but happily without fatal results. The usual number of members present when no matter of great importance is to be considered, were in their seats, and the business of the House was proceeding sleepily. The galleries contained a number of visitors, including some ladies, who watched the proceedings with little who watched the proceedings with fittle interest. In the gallery above the benches occupied by the members of the Right were a number of strangers, none of whom had attracted any attention, when they entered the gallery and had seats assigned to them.

In the course of the business of the House the election of Mierman came u for discussion. Mierman had been speak ing from the tribune, and had just de-scended to resume his seat, when a man in the gallery threw a bomb towards the floor of the House. The bomb must have had a time fuse attached to it, for as it passed the head of Professor Lemire, deputy for Hazebruck, it exploded, with a terrific report. A dense cloud of smoke and dust ascended, shutting out from view, for a time, those sitting in the body of the House. For a single instant the House was perfectly quiet, and then the members and others, realizing what had occurred, there was the wildest ex-citement. The officers detailed to guard the chamber were the first to regain their senses. They shut the great doors leading to the Chamber, to prevent the escap-of the bomb thrower. The people in the galleries fied in disorder, fearing that other bombs would be thrown. They were in a state bordering on frenzy, and almost fell over each other in their wild haste to get out of the building. One lady, who it was subsequently learned was an American, had been hit on the forehead by a piece of the casing of the bomb, and she fled with blood streaming

over her face.

On the floor of the House the excitement was fully as great as that in the gallery. Many of the members rushed for the exits, fearing every moment to hear another explosion. M. Dupuy, the president of the Chamber, was apparently the coolest man in the Chamber. Two ladies, besides the American, in the lower gallery, and a man sitting beside the bembethrower, were also wounded. the bomb-thrower, were also wounded. The deputies wounded were Professor

Abbe Lemire, Count Paul Henri Lan-juinais, and M. Leffel. Professor Lemire is a Catholic Socialist He was elected to represent the first district of Hazebruck, and this is his first term of service in the Chamber of Deputies. He is professor of rhetoric, at the College of St. Francois D'Assise, at Hazebruck. He is the author of "freland in Austria," and "Cardinal Manning, his Social Influence," He upholds theories advanced by Count de Meun. Count Paul Henri Lanjulnais is a Union Conser-vative. M. Leffel is a Republican, is an ex-lieutenant of the navy, and sits for Chinin. The excitement among the mem bers, wild though it was, did not last long. The wounded were taken to com-mittee rooms, and medical assistance summoned. While this was being done some of the reporters picked up from the floor pieces of metal and a number of horse shoes, that had evidently been part of the contents of the bomb.

Opposite the galiery from which the bomb was thrown is the gallery de-voted to the use of the foreign press representatives. A number of them, who re in the gallery, said they though when they heard the explosion, that somone had discharged a revolver on the floor of the Chamber. The report was floor of the Chamber. The resort loud and the flash of light so brilliant, however, that they were quickly con-vinced of their mistake. The dust raised by the explosion was so thick that the clothing of everybody in the Chamber presented an ashy appearance.

As soon as the smoke and dust had cleared away the members resumed their seats, and business proceeded. Montford ascended the tribune and in a perfectly steady value took are steady voice took up the discussion of the question before the House as though nothing out of the ordinary had occurred. When the discussion had been finished. Casimir Perier, the Prime Minister, said that he did not wish to interrupt the business of the Chamber, but he felt compelled to assure the House that the gov-

ernment would do its duty.

Dupuy said that he and the entire
Chamber desired that their sympathy be conveyed to the wounded.

After the sitting was ended, the member of the Chamber, journalists, and visitors gathered in the lobbies and excitedly dis ussed the outrage. It was impossible for them to leave the building, as owing to orders from the police, nobody was allowed egress until half past 6 o'clock, and even then they were not permitted to leave until they had given satisfactory

proof of their identity.

When Dupuy, President of the Chamber descended from the chair and crossed the Salle de la Paix, he was given an ova-

tion, owing to his unmoved serenity when One report has it that twenty-five or thirty persons were wounded. in his speech in the Chamber after the explosion this afternoon, Premier Casimir Perter closed with the words: "Society has laws with which to defend itself has laws with which to derend itsel against such crimes as the one just com-mitted, and we shall not hesitate to us-them to protect our institutions." When the Chamber rose at 5 o'clock

this official report of the explosion and what followed, was found posted in the lobby: "The moment Deputy Mierman descended from the Speaker's tribune, the descended from the Speaker's tribune, the explosion occurred. Trembling with emotion, the President of the Chamber said: Such outrages cannot disturb the Chamber. We shall continue our labors, and after we exhaust the order of the day, the Chamber of Deputies will do its duty in regard to the outrage.

The members talked excitedly of the explosion, as they lingered after the ad-journment in the lobbies and corridors. The Socialists apparently were eager to clear themselves of all reproach. Jules Guesde, leader of the extreme Socialis, group, gesticulated wildly at half a dozen men, who were shouting accusations at him. As the Conservative Deputy Gam-ard passed, Guesde rushed at him and exclaimed: "This is all your facilities." exclaimed: "This is all your fault. you had made us any concessions,

never would have happened."
Clement, Commissary of Police, who
was in the Chamber, half an hour after the explosion occurred, and had already collected much evidence before the Cham-ber adjourned, said, "The bomb is said her adjourned, said, "The bomb is said generally to give out a flame like that from a Roman candle. It must have contained nitro glycerine. Fortunately it burst in mid-air. If it had touched the floor, where it was aimed to strike, the destruction of life would have been terrible. It seems to have been loaded mostly with nalls, having peculiarly large heads. These nalls have been found in

every part of the Chamber."

After the Chamber adjourned a small army of physicians and nurses arrived They took possession of the committee rooms, and speedily transferred them into hospitals.

ing to be held. Rioters in Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 9 .- During the performance last night in a theatre in thickly of Ibsen's "Enemy of the People, the people in the galleries became in-tensely excited and started rioting. Some of them sang the Marseillalse, and when the police started to quell the disturbance a free fight occurred. The Burgomaster Interfered and quelled the disorder Thirty of the rioters were arrested.

More Anarchist Work. BARCELONA, Dec. 9.—The correspondent in this city of the Secolo, of Milan, Italy, was arrested last night owing to the fact that his name appeared in the recently seized Anarchists' lists. The poing letters. He is secretary of the Italian colony and Barcelona, and has been most active in furthering Italian interests. Juan Llansado, a Frenchman, has also been arrested on the charge of being an Anarchic Anarchist. A number of explosives were found in his possession. The activity of the police is restoring confidence.

Association Notes, Mr. William W. Turner, the efficient isistant secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, has gone to his home in Louisa county, to visit his mother who has been quite sick for a number

The association has been very fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Jack Blake, of Lynchburg, who has come here to take the position of assistant see retary and librarian. He is a young man of affable manners, who already numbers many friends among the members of the association. He is also quite an athlete, and occupies a very prominent place on the gymnasium floor.

CRISPI FORMING A CABINET. Ex-Premier Rudini Hesitates to Join It

To Be Done Quickly. ROME. Dec. 9.—Signor Crispi is engaged in the task of forming a Cabinet. He is seeking to obtain as ministers leading men in Parliament irrespective of party. Signor Saracco and Baron Son nini will probably be members of the cabinet. Signor Crispi will, in addition to the presidency of the council, take the office of Minister of Foreign Affairs, has asked ex-Prime Minister Marquis Rudini to join the cabinet, but he hesi-tates. If Signor Crispi forms the cabinet he will form it quickly.

INSULT TO GOVERNOR ALTGELD. The Germania Club Refuses to Hang His Picture On Its Walis.

CHICAGO, ILL., Dec. 9 .- The Evening Post to-day says: Governor John P. Altgeld has received an insult at the hands of the Germania Club, that is unpreedentel in the history of the Sate. By a vote of four to two the directors of the dub have refused to give an oil painting of the Governor a place on the walls of the club house and this refusal made at the last minute and in face of the fact Governor had been invited to speak at the banquet to be given to-night in honor of the twenty-eighta anniversary of the organization of the Germania

Maennerchor.

Last Thursday the Directors held a meeting, and decided then that they would not place the picture in the gallery, but that they would not accept it for any purpose or on any conditions. The Governor's action in the aparchists case was given as a reason for the insult. result of this action Governor Alti who came on from Washington for purpose of attending the banquet, has re-fused to be present.

Philip Henrici and Adolf Storm have resigned from the club and more resigna-tions will undoubtedly be sent in this afternoon and to-morrow morning The plans for the banquet to-night have been dly disarranged and the committee in narge has no means of knowing who will be present and who will not.

The present and who will not.

The refusal of the picture was not, however, the only insult offered the Governor.

Still another came from Carl Buenz, German consul in Chicago, and Dr. Emil Richter, the representative of the German World's Fair Commissioners. Both f these gentlemen were to respond to would not only not speak, but would not at-tend if there was to be any ovation to lovernor Altgeld arrived in Chicago

this morning and went to his office in the Unity building, but refused to dis-cuss the Germania Club trouble.

COTTON AND TORACCO. Low Prices of These Staples as Compared

With Previous Years. WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The statistical returns of the Department of Agriculture for the month of December are principally devoted to the indication of the average of the prices of the various products o he farm at the points of production, o in the nearest local markets. The average the department reports was, on Decembe lst, 6.99 cents per pound, as against 8.4 cents per pound on the same date last year, showing a decline of 1.41 per cent. Notwithstanding the unfavorable indica-tions as to yield as reported for the current year, this price is one and two-tenth cents lower than plantation prices for the seven preceding years, during which the range was from 8.6 to 7.3, averaging 8.2. The report shows that picking has been successful, owing to the very favor-

able weather. The average price of tobacco for December is returned at 7.8 per pound, which is almost the same as in 1885, 1888, and 1890. Kentucky, the State of largest production, reports 7.6 cents, or two-tenth of a cent lower than the general average Potatoes on the farm December 1st were selling at an average of 60 cents per bushel, 7 cents and a fraction less than at the same time last year. The lower price is sufficiently warranted by the dif-ference in yield between the two years.

CO-RDUCATION.

This Subject Was Before the North Care lina Baprist State Convention Yesterday. RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 9 .- A special

from Elizabeth City, N. C., says:

The second day of the Baptist Convention was devoted to the discussion of reports on Wake Forest college, Sunday schools and female education.

A resolution was introduced advocating

The discussion was de co-education. Charlotte, N. C., was selected as the next place of meeting.
F. C. McConnell, of Atlanta, Ga., spoke

to-night on home missions.

J. R. Willingham, of Richmond, Va., and R. T. Bryan, of China will speak Sunday night on Foreign miss To Attend the Augusta Exposition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 9.—The president of the Augusta, (Ga.) Exposi-tion has invited Vice-President Stevenson, Secretaries Herbert, Smith, and Morton, and several senators and repre-Secretaries Herbert, Smith, and Morton, and several senators and representatives to visit the Augusta Exposition. Vice-President Stevenson, Secretary Herbert, Secretary Smith, and
Representative W. M. Springer have
accepted the invitation. A committee consisting of Messrs. Walsh,
Alexander, Cohen, and Verdery, of Augusta, will reach Washington on Sunday,
and return with the Vice-President and
the party, leaving Washington at 10:48 the party, leaving Washington at 10:65 o'clock Sunday night, over the Richmond and Danville railroad. The party will reach Washington on the return trip on Wednesday morning.

IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

PEERS FOLLOWING THE LINES OF TORY INTOLERANCE.

The Employer's Liability Bill Rejected. Record of Legislation Wrecking-The Body to Work Day and Night.

(Copyright 1893, by the United Press.) LONDON, Dec. 9.- The House of Lords virtually rejected the employer's Hability bill last evening, by inserting a clause which would allow workingmen to exempt themselves by contract from the other provisions of the measure. From the first the contest concerning the bill has centered upon this so-called contracting out clause. The government will

not be able to accept the measure with the amendment, which is calculated to render the whole law futile. The labor members of Parliament and the leaders of the trades unions have bound the cabinet by both public and private pledges, to withdraw the bill in case the Lords should insert any provision for contracting out, and now the ministry promises must be fulfilled. The mutilation of this essentially popular measure adds to the reactionary record against the Lords, and means a

record against the Lords, and means a bitter reckoning will be made with them at the coming elections. As seidom before in recent years the peers have been following without deviation, the lines of Tory intolerance, all bills sent up from the Commons, even those of but petly importance, have been treated in this spirit. The first in the fist, of course, is the Home Rule bill. The rejection of it seemed to give the Peers courage to assert themselves, and ever since they have extinguished in rapid succession the extinguished in rapid succession smaller measures, such as the Chapels enfranchisement bill, providing for the purchase of sites on fair terms for chapel building, as well as the betterment pro-posals of the London county council, aiming to obtain from landlords a fair share of the profits arising from im-

At the Cabinet council yesterday it was decided to use the closure, and by every parliamentary means to assist the Paris councils bills through the House of Commons before the Christmas recess. The Unionists, thinking that now is the critical period in the life of the bill, are rallying their forces to obstruct and de-feat it. The absence Conservative members have responded with exceptional promptness to the summons of the whips to come back and help smother the measure. The government has issued a notice insisting upon a full attendance of the Liberals, and besides, beginning Saturday, sittings will suspend the 12 o'clock rule. By these means the House will be kept at work on the bill day and night.

John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ire-land, and Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, have received an anonymous letter threatening dynamite outrages in London unless Dr. Gallagher and the rest of the Irish political prisoners be released. The official report from Dublin Castle on the recent plots of dynamiters in Ireland, says that the outbreak een traced to an insignificant group affiliated with the Fenians. Hardly more than half a dozen men comprise the group, and they have been under police surveil-lance for years. No trace of relations be-tween the group and anybody in America

can be found. can be found.

G. E. Russell, parliamentary Secretary of the Indian office, made a rather curious statement in the House of Commons last evening, as to the condition of Indian finance, and the need of an

Indian loan.

He virtually attributed the necessity of a loan to the reduction of the unused gations to spend 8,000,000 pounds by next April. The sum of the situation is, in fact, as follows: Since the closing of Indias' mints to free cotnage of silver, the India Council has borrowed 4,800,000 pounds, partly on six months' bills and partly by sale of debentures. In the coming year the Council must provide 22,000,000 pounds, including the payment or renewal of this year's bills. Indian trade is in a worse condition than gations to spend 8,000,000 pounds by next dian trade is in a worse condition than at any time before the closing of the mints and the Indian Treasury is in a mints and the Indian Treasury is in a state, which causes grave apprehensions. The Council's present loan of 10,000,000 pounds must be supplimented by another within a year, if anything like order is to be restored in Indian finance.

The Council of the Evangelical Alli-

ance is about to issue a circular inviting all Christians to pray especially during the first week of next year for the prepervation of the International peace; for the success of foreign missions, and for the relief of the Jews from persecu-

Accounts of the trial trip of the new United States cruiser, Columbia, have been read with much interest here, and have been the subject of considerable comment. Naval experts say, that the Columbia is smaller and less powerful than the next new British cruiser of the same type will be. She is not the fastest war ship in the world, they add, as the British cruiser, Blenheim, has shown herself able to maintain 23 knots an hour with twin screws, against the Columbia's doubtful average of 22.81

SUICIDE OF ADOLPH GOLDSMID.

He Was Stranded in Selma, N. C., Without

ancy or Friend RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 9.-Special. -Adolph Goldsmid, late the advance agent of the Fortunes of War company, which went to pieces at Winston, N. C., a few days ago, committed suicide in Selma, N. C., late last night. He landed in N. C., late last night, he landed in Selma without money or friends, and was very despondent. At a late hour a policeman found him lying under the eaves of Cruch's store, and thinking him drunk tried to arouse him. He soon discovered that the man was dead. A discovered that the man was gead. A half-filled vial of poison was in his pocket, which told the tale. A doctor was summoned, who said the man had died from taking strychnine.

The authorities have been trying to communicate with some of the dead man's friends, but he left nothing to tell from whence he came.

from whence he came. WEATBER FORECAST.

WEATBER FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 2.—Virginia: Light showers for to-night; fair Sunday, colder in western portions, southerly winds becoming northweaterly.

North Carolina: Generally fair preceded to-night and in early morning by light showers on the coast; colder in western portions; much colder Monday morning: winds northwesterly.

Weather Conditions—The storm in Iowa has moved to eastern Lake Puperior, increasing markedly in severity. The second storm has remained nearly stationary in Montana. A ridge of high pressure extends from the middle Pacific coast to Florida, and thence mertheustward to Newfoundland. Rain or snow has failen in the Lake regions, the Ohio valley and the middle and upper Mississippi valley and on the Atlantic coast. The berometer has risen in the middle guif, east guif and Atlantic States and the lower Lake region. It has severally fallen elsewhere.

RANGE OF THE TREES The following was the range of the temmeter at The Times office pattered 5 A. M., 25; 12, M., 45; 2 P. M., 45; 4 P., 42; 9 P. M., 46; 13 M., 44 Average 45.